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Year Group	NC objectives	
Reception	Expressive arts and design	
	Exploring media and materials:	
	Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function	(
	Being imaginative:	
	Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways	sculptures
Year 1	Developing ideas and evaluating	
	 Explore similarities and differences in pieces of artwork using simple vocabulary based around colour, image etc 	8 3
	Record and explore ideas from first hand observation	Mptu
	Say what they think and feel about artwork	l see
	Drawing	as d
	 Use a range of dry media e.g. pencils, rubbers, felt tops, chalk, charcoal and explore line, shape and colour 	sculptures and movements to both inspire and evaluate
	 Learn about a range of artists, craft makers and designers 	√em
	 Develop techniques of colour, pattern, line, shape and texture 	ente
	Painting	٤
	Mix and match colours to objects	b
	Create different textures with paint e.g. sawdust, sand etc.	ev.
	 Use a range of brush sizes and talk about the difference 	pire
	Textiles/collage	g
	 Use a wide range of media e.g. newspaper, crepe paper, magazines etc and describe them (link to science materials) 	\$
	Use techniques such as weaving and gluing	مسله
	 Experiment with, join and construct natural, manmade and recycled materials (link to science materials) 	te .
	3D form	
	 Manipulate clay in. a variety of ways e.g. rolling, shaping and moulding 	
Year 2	Developing ideas and evaluating	h inspire and evaluate
	 Ask and answer questions about the processes they have used when creating their work 	•
	Use a range of materials to design and make products	
	Say, what they would change about a piece of artwork	
	Drawing	

	Layer different dry media in the same piece of artwork	
	Draw for a sustained period a single object and explore line, shape, colour and pattern	
	Painting	
	Mix primary colours	
	Experiment with techniques e.g. layering and scraping through paint	
	Work at different scales e.g. larger paper, larger brushes	
	Textiles/collage	
	Learn how to thread a needle and basic stitch	
	Understand the safety and basic care of materials	
	3D form	
	Manipulate clay in, a variety of ways e.g. rolling, shaping and moulding - (link to science materials)	
Year 3	Developing ideas and evaluating	
	Explore a chosen artist and define their style in terms of medium used, colours tone etc.	
	Begin to annotate their work in their sketchbook drawing on oral skills from KS!	
	Compare ideas and methods in their own and other's work and say what they feel about them	
	Drawing	
	Experiment with different grades of pencils	
	Draw for s sustained period of time a single object and explore tone, line, shape, colour, texture and pattern	
	Painting	
	Mix secondary colours and describe the changes	
	Name different types of paint and their properties	
	Work confidently on a range of scales	
	Textiles/collage	
	Develop skills in cutting and joining to create a mosaic	
	Create texture from different materials	
	3D form	
	• Join clay adequately	
	Construct a clay base for extending and modelling other shapes	
Year 4	Developing ideas and evaluating	
	Explore similarities and differences in pieces of artwork across different times and cultures	



	Adapt their work based on feedback and annotation
	Drawing.
	Alter and refine their drawings as necessary
	Draw for a sustained period a group of objects and explore tone, line, shape, colour, texture and pattern
	Make informed choices about paper used and media
	Use research to inspire drawings from memory or imagination
	Painting
	Make and match colours with increasing accuracy and create shades with black added and tint with white added
	Demonstrate a secure knowledge of primary, secondary, warm and cold colours
	3D form
	Plan, design and make models
	Cut and join wood safely and effectively
	Use recycled, natural and manmade materials
Year 5	Developing ideas and evaluating
	Compare and contrast their work with the work of an artist or artists around a similar theme
	Adapt their work based on feedback and annotation and explain where they have done this
	Drawing
	Draw for a sustained period of time a group of objects and explore the relationship between tone, line, shape, colour, texture and
	pattern
	Begin to draw from imagination, memory, experience and research, including a sense of perspective
	Use a variety of media in their work
	Painting
	Plan to create different effects and textures, using different paint and tools e.g. blocking colours, washes, thickened paint etx
	Carry out preliminary work including testing media, materials and colour mixes
	Textiles/collage
	Experiment with using batik safely or paste resist
	3D form
	Describe their work and how it has been constructed using a variety of materials
	Make a mould and use plaster safely
Year 6	Developing ideas and evaluating



- Ask and answer questions about their work with reference to the style of an artist/artistic movement/theme
- Adapt their work based on feedback and annotation and explain where they have done this through annotation, including how they would develop it further
- Use sketch books to collect, record and evaluate ideas

Drawing

- Draw for a sustained period of time a group of objects and describe the tone, line, shape, colour, texture and pattern
- Demonstrate a wide variety of ways to make marks using dry and wet media
- Work in a sustained and independent way from experience, imagination and observation

Painting

- Demonstrate a secure knowledge of primary, secondary, warm, cold, complimentary and contrasting colours
- Make and match colours with accuracy and create shades with black added, tint with white added and tone with grey added
- Work with a variety of tools and techniques and explain their use within the work
- Use a range of media to create a specific artistic goal

3D form

• Develop skills in clay, using tools to create incisions and different reliefs



<u>Definitions</u>

Line

- Line is the path left by a moving point. For example, a pencil or a brush dipped in paint.
- A line can take many forms. It can be horizontal, diagonal or curved. It can also change over its length, starting off curved and ending up horizontal

Shape

- A shape is an area enclosed by a line. It could be just an outline or it could be shaded in
- Shapes can be either geometric, like a circle, square or triangle, or irregular.
- When drawing shapes, you must consider the size and position as well as the shape of the area around it. The shapes created in the spaces
 between shapes are referred to as negative space.

<u>Form</u>

- Form is a three-dimensional shape, such as a cube, sphere or cone. Sculpture and 3D design are about creating forms.
- In 2D artworks, tone and perspective can be used to create an illusion of form.

Tone

• This refers to the lightness or darkness of something. This could be a shade or how dark or light a colour appears.

Texture

- This is to do with the surface quality of something, the way something feels or looks like it feels. There are two types of texture: actual texture and visual texture.
- Actual texture really exists, so you can feel it or touch it. You can create actual texture in an artwork by changing the surface, such as sticking different fabrics onto a canvas. Combining different material techniques can create interesting textures.

• Visual texture is created using marks to represent actual texture. It gives the illusion of a texture or surface but if you touched it, it would be smooth. You can create visual texture by using different lines, shapes, colours or tones. Think about how different marks can be used to show texture.

<u>Pattern</u>

• A design that is created by repeating lines, shapes, tones or colours. The design used to create a pattern is often referred to as amotif. Motifs can be simple shapes or complex arrangements.